**ABSTRACT SUBMISSION TEMPLATE**

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| Title of the abstract | Analysis of the implementation of monitoring and evaluation systems for national programs addressing maternal and child health in Côte d'Ivoire: using the consolidated framework for implementation research (CFIR). |
| Conference session | x□ Stream A. Responsive National Evaluation Systems  □ Stream B. Inclusive National Evaluation Systems  □ Stream C. Future Driven Systems and Approaches |
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| Preferred format: | x□ Formal presentation (maximum 10 minutes)  x□ Participation in a panel discussion where the experience can be shared  x□ Participation in an interactive session where the example can be shared, without a formal presentation  □ Other (please specify) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ |
| I will need to apply for bursary support, if selected. | x□ Yes  □ No |
| Language to be used for presentation | x□ English □ French □ Spanish □ Chinese |

**Abstract Text (max. 500 words)**

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| **Introduction**  Monitoring and evaluation (M&E) systems were formulated for health programs in Côte d'Ivoire in the 1990s. Their contribution is limited, and there is a lack of knowledge about their implementation process. The aim of this study is to analyze the implementation of these systems in four programs addressing maternal and child health, in order to gain a better understanding of the results obtained.  **Methodology**  The research was conducted from January 10 to May 30, 2020 in five health regions, identified by reasoned choice. Data were collected from actors directly involved in implementation through individual interviews and documentary review. Analysis was based on the dimensions of the Consolidated Framework for Implementation Research (CFIR), adapted to the realities of the health program M&E Systems context.  **Results**  Only one CFIR dimension, relative advantage, had a positive influence on implementation, while the other 19 had a negative effect, namely availability of necessary resources, leadership commitment, knowledge and beliefs, communication networks, structural characteristics and planning.  **Conclusion**  The framework made it possible to identify facilitating factors and obstacles to the implementation of M&E systems in four programs addressing the health of the mother-child couple. What emerged was insufficient implementation, with hindering factors predominating.  The success and sustainability of M&E systems require strong government commitment, adequate resource allocation, institutionalization, training and ongoing capacity building, motivation and retention of experienced staff, definition of roles and responsibilities, and involvement of all stakeholders.  **Keywords**: Implementation analysis, CFIR, monitoring and evaluation systems, health program, Cote d'Ivoire, Africa. |